

47. (Amended) The computer program product of claim 45, wherein one or more proxy support elements of the C++ primitive proxy <u>class</u> is an overloaded operator that permits instances the C++ primitive proxy class 52 to be used on the left-hand side of one or more syntactical productions.

- 90. (Amended) The method of claim 89, wherein:
- act (a) includes determining that the type of the first component is [one of the following Java components: a Java interface, and] a Java class, and
- act (b) includes[: (i) ] transforming the Java [component] <u>class</u> into a C++ proxy class.
- 91. (Amended) The method of claim 90, wherein <u>act (b) includes:</u>
  generating, within the C++ proxy class, [includes] one or more proxy support elements.
- 92. (Amended) The method of claim 89, wherein:

  act (a) includes determining that the type of the first component is a Java array,
  and
  act (b) includes[: (i) ] transforming the Java array into a C++ proxy
  class.
- 93. (Amended The method of claim 92, wherein <u>act (b) includes:</u> generating, within the C++ proxy class, [includes] one or more proxy support elements.
- 94. (Amended) The method of claim 89, wherein:

  act (a) includes determining that the type of the first component is a Java method,
  and
  act (b) includes[:(i) ] transforming the Java method into a C++ proxy method.



95. (Amended) The method of claim 89, wherein:

act (a) includes determining that the type of the first component is a Java field, and

act (b) includes[: (i) ] transforming the Java field into a C++ proxy field.

## Please add claims 105-145 as follows:

- 105. The computer program product of claim 12, wherein at least one of the proxy support elements of the C++ proxy class allows usage of null in C++ corresponding to usage of a null Java object reference in Java.
- 106. The computer program product of claim 105, wherein the C++ proxy class includes a conversion constructor to create a stand-alone proxy instance of the C++ proxy class initialized to not refer to any Java instance.
- 107. The computer program product of claim 12, wherein at least one of the proxy support elements provides a semantic usability to the C++ proxy class that closely corresponds to the semantic usability of a Java cast expression corresponding to the Java component.
- 108. The computer program product of claim 107, wherein the C++ proxy class includes a static class method that provides the semantic usability to the C++ proxy class that closely corresponds to the semantic usability of a Java cast expression corresponding to the Java component.
- 109. The computer program product of claim 12, wherein at least one of the proxy support elements provides an ability to map an instance of the C++ proxy class to an object that represents the Java component.
- 110. The computer program product of claim 109, wherein the C++ proxy class includes a framework support method that provides the ability to map an instance of the C++ proxy class to an object that represents the Java component.

- 111. The method of claim 89, wherein act (b) includes:
  - (i) transforming the Java component into a C++ proxy class that includes one or more proxy support elements.
- 112. The method of claim 111, wherein one or more proxy support elements of the C++ proxy class allow an instance of the C++ proxy class to be context-aware.
- 113. The method of claim 112, wherein one of the proxy support elements allows an instance of the C++ proxy class to be aware of being a C++ proxy instance field.
- 114. The method of claim 112, wherein one of the proxy support elements allows an instance of the C++ proxy class to be aware of being a C++ proxy static field.
- 115. The method of claim 112, wherein one of the proxy support elements allows an instance of the C++ proxy class to be aware of being a C++ proxy array element.
- The method of claim 112, wherein one of the proxy support elements allows an instance of the C++ proxy class to be aware of being a C++ proxy stand-alone object.
  - 117. The method of claim 112, wherein act (b)(i) includes:
    generating a proxy layer, and wherein awareness of the contexts is required by the proxy layer.
  - 118. The method of claim 117, wherein act (b)(i) includes: coding the proxy layer using the Java Native Interface.
- 119. The method of claim 111, wherein at least one of the proxy support elements of the C++ proxy class allows usage of null in C++ corresponding to usage of a null Java object reference in Java.
  - 120. The method of claim 119, wherein act (b)(i) includes:

generating a conversion constructor within the C++ proxy class, the conversion constructor for creating a stand-alone proxy instance of the C++ proxy class initialized to not refer to any Java instance.

- 121. The method of claim 111, wherein at least one of the proxy support elements provides a semantic usability to the C++ proxy class that closely corresponds to the semantic usability of a Java cast expression corresponding to the Java component.
  - 122. The method of claim 121, wherein act (b)(i) includes:

generating a static class method within the C++ proxy class, the static class method providing the semantic usability to the C++ proxy class that closely corresponds to the semantic usability of a Java cast expression corresponding to the Java component.

- 123. The method of claim 111, wherein at least one of the proxy support elements provides an ability to map an instance of the C++ proxy class to an object that represents the Java component.
  - 124. The method of claim 123, wherein act (b)(i) includes:

generating a framework support method within the C++ proxy class, the framework support method providing the ability to map an instance of the C++ proxy class to an object that represents the Java component.

- 125. The method of claim 91, wherein one or more of the proxy support elements allow an instance of the C++ proxy class to be context-aware.
- 126. The method of claim 90, wherein the Java class is declared abstract, and act (b) includes:

defining the C++ proxy component to be instantiable.

127. The method of claim 93, wherein one or more of the proxy support elements allow an instance of the proxy component to be context-aware.



Art Unit: 2762

128. The method of claim 92, wherein the Java array has a length attribute, and act (b) includes:

defining the proxy class to include a length field corresponding to the length attribute of the Java array.

129. The method of claim 92, wherein the Java array has an element type, and act (b) includes:

defining the C++ proxy class to have an element type corresponding to the element type of the Java array; and

generating, within the C++ proxy class, one or more array subscript operators that return a context-aware instance of the proxy class's type.

130. The method of claim 92, wherein the Java array has a primitive element type, and act (b) includes:

defining the C++ proxy class to have a primitive element type corresponding to the Java array primitive element type; and

generating one or more array subscript operators that return a primitive value.

- 131. The method of claim 94, wherein act (b) includes:

  defining the C++ proxy method to have a constness based on a mutability of the

  Java method.
- 132. The method of claim 94, wherein act (b) includes:

  defining the C++ proxy method to declare a return type that has a mutability based on a mutability of a return type declared by the Java method.
- 133. The method of claim 94, wherein act (b) includes:

  defining the C++ proxy method to pass one or more arguments; and
  defining each argument to have a mutability based on a mutability of a
  corresponding argument passed by the Java method.



- 134. The method of claim 94, wherein act (b) includes:
- defining the C++ proxy method to throw an exception based on the Java method being defined to throw an exception.
- 135. The method of claim 94, wherein act (b) includes:
- defining the C++ proxy method not to throw an exception based on the Java method being defined to throw an exception.
- 136. The method of claim 94, wherein act (b) includes:

C++ proxy field is context-aware.

determining whether the C++ proxy method is declared virtual or not declared virtual from one or more of the following aspects of the Java method: polymorphicability, mutability, and instantiability; and

defining the C++ proxy method to be declared virtual or not declared virtual based on the determination.

- 137. The method of claim 95, wherein act (b) includes:

  declaring the C++ proxy field to be of type C++ proxy class; and
  generating, within the C++ proxy class, one or more proxy support elements that
  allow an instance of the C++ proxy class to be context-aware, such that an instance of the
- 138. The method of claim 95, wherein the Java field is of primitive type, act (b) including:
  - defining the C++ proxy field to be declared of type C++ primitive proxy class.
  - 139. The method of claim 138, wherein act (b) further includes:

    declaring the C++ proxy field to be of type C++ proxy class; and
    generating, within the C++ proxy class, one or more proxy support elements that
    allow an instance of the C++ proxy class to be context-aware, such that an instance of the
    C++ proxy field is context-aware.